PHILOSOPHY TRIPOS Part IB

Wednesday 29th May 2013

09.00 - 12.00

Paper 6

PHILOSOPHY OF SCIENCE

Answer three questions only.

Write the number of the question at the beginning of each answer. If you are answering an either/or question, indicate the letter as well.

STATIONERY REQUIREMENTS

20 Page Answer Book x 1 Rough Work Pad

You may not start to read the questions printed on the subsequent pages of this question paper until instructed that you may do so by the Invigilator

- 1. Does science aim at truth or at empirical adequacy?
- 2. EITHER: a) Is Popper right that induction is not required for science?
 - OR: b) Is falsifiability a necessary and/or sufficient condition for a theory to count as scientific?
- 3. 'A scientific research programme can be evaluated, but an individual claim within it cannot.' Discuss.
- 4. Are biological species natural kinds?
- 5. Is there a tenable distinction between 'proximate' and 'ultimate' causes in biology?
- 6. If the world is 'just one thing after another' can there be any laws of nature?
- 7. Need explanation be causal explanation?
- 8. In what sense, if any, is probability a guide to life?
- 9. Describe the EPR thought experiment, and explain why Einstein took it to provide an argument that Quantum Mechanics provides an incomplete description of physical reality. Was he right?
- 10. Describe a thought experiment which shows how the Principle of Relativity and Maxwell's Laws together imply the time dilation and length contraction effects of Special Relativity. Are these absolute or frame-dependent effects?

END OF PAPER