PHILOSOPHY TRIPOS Part II

Thursday 30 May 2002

9 to 12

Paper 6

PHILOSOPHY OF SCIENCE

Answer three questions only.

Write the number of the question at the beginning of each answer. If you are answering an either/or question, indicate the letter as well.

You may not start to read the questions printed on the subsequent pages of this question paper until instructed that you may do so by the Invigilator

-2- PHT2/6

- 1 **Either** (a) Is realism the best explanation of any fact about science?
 - **Or** (b) Should we be constructive empiricists?
- 2 **Either** (a) Does the underdetermination of theory by data count for or against realism?
 - **Or** (b) What, if anything, can be learnt from arguments for the pessimistic induction?
- 3 Should we be Bayesians?
- Does the rationality of science require that competing theories be intertranslatable?
- Does it make sense to say that one theory approximates the truth better than another?
- Do we have to believe in evolution by natural selection to make sense of the idea that it is the heart's function to pump blood?
- 7 Are natural kinds mind-independent categories of things in nature?
- 8 **Either** (a) Do laws relate universals?
 - **Or** (b) If there are probabilistic laws, must there be objective chances?
- 9 **Either** (a) What metaphysical assumptions about the nature of space are needed by Newtonian physics?
 - Or (b) 'Space by itself, and time by itself, are mere shadows, and only a kind of union of the two has an independent reality.'

 Discuss.
- 10 **Either** (a) What does the existence of incongruent counterparts show about the shape of space?
 - **Or** (b) How far, if at all, is physical geometry conventional?
- Explain the measurement problem in quantum mechanics. How does it arise, and how could it be resolved?
- What does quantum mechanics tell us about the nature of physical reality?