PHILOSOPHY TRIPOS Part II

Wednesday 30 May 2001

9 to 12

Paper 4

HISTORY OF MODERN PHILOSOPHY II

Answer three questions only.

Write the number of the question at the beginning of each answer. If you are answering an either/or question, indicate the letter as well.

Questions marked with an asterisk may not be answered by candidates also offering Paper 9.

You may not start to read the questions printed on the subsequent pages of this question paper until instructed that you may do so by the Invigilator

-2- PHT2/4

- *1 Discuss, with regard **either** to arithmetical **or** to geometrical propositions, Kant's reasons for thinking that they are synthetic. Why is this important to him?
- *2 What, for Kant, is a category, and how do we find out which of our concepts are categories? Why do categories need a transcendental deduction?
- *3 **Either** (a) What are the problems with rational psychology?
 - Or (b) What dangers, in Kant's view, are inherent in Ideas of Reason? What is their proper use? Do you find his doctrine plausible?
- 4 On what grounds does Hegel claim that his own philosophy is the only alternative to scepticism?
- 5 Why does Hegel say that freedom is the substance of spirit?
- 6 **Either** (a) Why, according to Hegel, must philosophical thought be 'speculative'?
 - Or (b) Schopenhauer said that Hegel was crazy to think that 'concepts without our assistance think and move by themselves'. Was he right?
- 7 **Either** (a) Why does Nietzsche reject Aristotle's account of tragedy?
 - **Or** (b) Is Nietzsche's account of the distinction between the visual arts and music philosophically plausible?
- 8 It isn't just that God is dead apparently we killed him. Why did we do it, according to Nietzsche?
- 9 What does Nietzsche mean by saying that truth is only dead metaphor?
- 10 **Either** (a) Is Heidegger right to claim that a proper understanding of human temporality requires one to give priority to the future over the present?
 - **Or** (b) What, for Heidegger, is *Dasein*, and why is it so important?
- Is Heidegger's claim that metaphysics must have a historical dimension defensible?
- Was Heidegger a pragmatist?