PHILOSOPHY TRIPOS Part II

Thursday 29 May 2003

9 to 12

Paper 7

MATHEMATICAL LOGIC

Answer three questions only.

Write the number of the question at the beginning of each answer. If you are answering an either/or question, indicate the letter as well.

You may not start to read the questions printed on the subsequent pages of this question paper until instructed that you may do so by the Invigilator

- 1 Outline a proof of the completeness of first-order logic.
- 2 Does the Löwenheim-Skolem theorem show that countability is a relative notion? If so, relative to what?
- 3 Second-order logic cannot be given a complete set of rules. Is this a reason to think it is not really logic?
- 4 What advantages, if any, do second-order theories have over their first-order counterparts?
- 5 What is the relation between the iterative conception of set and the ZFC axioms?
- 6 Sketch a proof that Peano Arithmetic can be embedded in set theory. What is the philosophical significance of this result?
- 7 'Peano arithmetic is obviously consistent since it is true of the natural numbers. So Gentzen's proof that it is consistent is pointless.' Discuss.
- 8 What is Church's thesis? What kind of claim is it?
- 9 **Either** (*a*) Show that the halting problem for Turing machines is unsolvable. Comment on the significance of this result.
 - **Or** (*b*) How did Gödel construct an arithmetic sentence that in effect says 'I am unprovable'? Outline his proof that such a sentence is unprovable and hence true.
- 10 **Either** (a) Does Gödel's first incompleteness theorem show that minds are not machines?
 - **Or** (b) Does Gödel's second incompleteness theorem undermine Hilbert's programme?

END OF PAPER